nally beyond opening 41 of head 40, and are connected by a transversely extending lip 43 which forms a part of end-section 21 and is located in front of said opening 41. Marginal flanges 36 of channel member 35 likewise extend beyond opening 41. It will therefore be seen, when reversesection 24 is inserted over lip 43 and through opening 41 and in between end-section 21 and headsection 22, that that part 44 of main-section 23 that is adjacent reverse-section 24 overlies lip 43 10 and the ends of marginal flanges 36 of the channel member.

rial, said band having a head at one end for the reception of the other and free end of said band. when said band is doubled back on itself; said band comprising, in the order named, an end-section, a head-section, a main-section, and a reverse-section that is narrower than the band; said end-section lying folded back longitudinally over said head-section and having longitudinally extending marginal depressions that engage longitudinal marginal portions of said head-section to 25 form a head which is narrower than said band and which is provided with an opening for the reception of said reverse-section; said marginal depressions extending longitudinally beyond said opening in said head and connected by a transversely extending lip, forming a part of said endsection, located in front of said opening of said head; said channel member embracing said headsection and having marginal flanges that overlie said marginal depressions of said end-section and secure said marginal depressions of said end-section and said marginal portions of said head-section together; said reverse-section and head-section having complementary interlocking means that engage when said reverse-section is inserted over said lip and through said opening between said head-section and said end-section, that part of said main-section that is adjacent said reversesection overlying said lip and the ends of said marginal flanges of said channel member.

2. In a self-locking shackle seal composed of a band and a channel member both of sheet-material, said band having a head at one end for the reception of the other and free end of said band when said band is doubled back on itself; said band comprising, in the order named, an endsection, a head-section, a main-section and a reverse-section that is narrower than the band; said end-section lying folded back longitudinally over said head-section and having longitudinally extending marginal depressions that engage longitudinal marginal portions of said head-section to form a head which is narrower than said band and which is provided with an opening for the reception of said reverse-section; said end-section and said head-section having complementary longitudinal grooves for the reception of longitudinal beads in said reverse-section; and said end-section having one or more transverse weakened zones; said reverse-section and said head-section having complementary interlocking means that engage when the reverse-section is inserted between said head-section and said end-section; said reverse-section having longitudinal beads pressed from its opposite faces to lie in the com-

plementary grooves in said end-section and said head-section when inserted in said head to thereby constitute abutments that block access to said interlocking means, one of which abutments will be encountered by a tool inserted between said reverse-section and said end-section, and the other abutment of which will be encountered by a tool inserted between said reverse-section and said head-section, to thereby provide fulcra for the inserted tool that will direct the bending of said end-section along the weakened zone thereof; said beads further constituting a transverse weakened zone in said reverse-section; and said channel member embracing said head-section and having band and a channel member both of sheet-mate- 15 marginal flanges that overlie said marginal depressions of said end-section, and secure said marginal depressions of said end-section and said marginal portions of said head-section together.

3. In a self-locking shackle seal composed of a band and a channel member both of sheet-material, said band having a head at one end for the reception of the other and free end of said band when said band is doubled back on itself; said band comprising, in the order named, an endsection, a head-section, a main-section, and a reverse-section that is narrower than the band; said end-section lying folded back longitudinally over said head-section and having longitudinally extending marginal depressions that engage longitudinal marginal portions of said head-section to form a head which is narrower than said band and which is provided with an opening for the reception of said reverse-section, said marginal depressions extending longitudinally beyond said opening of said head and connected by a transversely extending lip, forming a part of said endsection, located in front of said opening of said head; said channel member embracing said headsection and having marginal flanges that everlie said marginal depressions of said end-section and secure said marginal depressions of said end-section and said marginal portions of said head-section together; said reverse-section and head-section having complementary interlocking means that engage when said reverse-section is inserted over said lip and through said opening between said head-section and said end-section, that part of said main-section that is adjacent said reverse-section overlying said lip and the ends of said marginal flanges of said channel member; said end-section and said head-section having complementary longitudinal grooves for the reception of longitudinal beads in said reverse-section; said reverse-section having longitudinal beads pressed from its opposite faces to lie in the complementary grooves in said end-section and said head-section when inserted in said head to thereby constitute abutments that block access to said interlocking means, one of which abutments will be encountered by a tool inserted between said reverse-section and said end-section, and the other abutment of which will be encountered by a tool inserted between said reverse-section and said head-section, to thereby provide fulcra for the inserted tool that will direct the bending of said end-section along the weakened zone thereof; said beads further constituting a transverse weakened zone in said reverse-section. WINFRED M. BROOKS.

No references cited.